

$$z''_{xy} = \left(\frac{y^3}{(x^2+y^2)^{3/2}} \right)' = \frac{3y^2(x^2+y^2)^{3/2} - y^3 \cdot \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{x^2+y^2} \cdot 2y}{(x^2+y^2)^3} =$$

$$= \frac{3x^2y^2}{(x^2+y^2)^{5/2}}$$

7.60

$$z = y^x$$

Remember

$$y^z = y / (\ln y)^z, \quad y > 0$$

$$\ln z = \ln y^x = x \ln y$$

$$z'_x = z (\ln z)'_x = y^x (x \ln y)'_x = y^x \ln y$$

$$z'_y = z (\ln z)'_y = y^x (x \ln y)'_y = y^x \frac{x}{y} = x y^{x-1}$$

$$z''_{xx} = (y^x \ln y)'_x = \ln y \cdot y^x \ln y = \ln^2 y \cdot y^x$$

$$z''_{yy} = (x y^{x-1})'_y = x(x-1) y^{x-2}$$

$$z''_{xy} = (y^x \ln y)'_y = y^x \ln y \ln y + y^x \frac{1}{y} = \ln^2 y \cdot y^x + y^{x-1} =$$

$$= y^{x-1} (y \ln^2 y + 1)$$

$$z''_{yx} = (x y^{x-1})'_x = x(x-1) y^{x-2}$$