

$$L = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{25 \cos^8 t \sin^2 t + 25 \sin^8 t \cos^2 t} dt =$$

$$= 5 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin t \cos t \sqrt{\sin^6 t + \cos^6 t} dt = \begin{cases} \sin^6 t + \cos^6 t = \\ = (\sin^2 t)^3 + (\cos^2 t)^3 \end{cases} \ominus$$

$$\ominus (\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t) (\sin^4 t - \sin^2 t \cos^2 t + \cos^4 t) \ominus$$

$$\# \sin^2 t (\sin^2 t - \cos^2 t) + \cos^2 t = -\sin^2 t \cos^2 t + \cos^4 t$$

$$\ominus (\sin^2 t)^2 + (\cos^2 t)^2 + 2 \cos^2 t \sin^2 t - 2 \cos^2 t \sin^2 t - \sin^2 t \cos^2 t =$$

$$= (\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t)^2 - 3 \cos^2 t \sin^2 t = 1 - \frac{3}{4} \sin^2 2t =$$

$$= 1 - \frac{3}{4} (1 - \cos^2 2t) = 1 - \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{4} \cos^2 2t = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4} \cos^2 2t =$$

$$= 5 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{2} \sin 2t \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4} \cos^2 2t} dt = -\frac{5}{2} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4} \cos^2 2t} d \cos 2t =$$

$$= -\frac{5}{4} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + 3 \cos^2 2t} d \cos 2t = -\frac{5}{8} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{1 + 3 \cos^2 2t} d \cos 2t =$$

$$= \left\{ \int \sqrt{1 + 3u^2} du \right. \left. \text{no ratio see} \right\} = -\frac{5}{8\sqrt{3}} \left[\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos 2t \sqrt{1 + 3 \cos^2 2t} + \frac{1}{2} \ln(\sqrt{3} \cos 2t) \oplus \right]$$

$$\oplus \left[\sqrt{1 + 3 \cos^2 2t} \right] \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{5}{8} \left[2 - \frac{\ln(2 - \sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{3}} \right]. \text{ Answer: } \frac{5}{8} \left[2 - \frac{\ln(2 - \sqrt{3})}{\sqrt{3}} \right]$$