

UNIT 2 In the Public Eye

5 Fill in: when, where or why.

- 1 This is the town I grew up.
- 2 Do you know the reason she was crying yesterday?
- 3 There are several reasons I can't go to the party.
- 4 I'll never forget the day I first met Joan.
- 5 The Star Bar, I worked for a while, has closed down.

Position of prepositions in relative clauses

Prepositions can come either before relative pronouns or at the end of the relative clause.

e.g. This is the house **in which** Shakespeare lived. (formal)

This is the house Shakespeare lived **in**. (informal)

Also: This is the house **where** Shakespeare lived.

Note: who and that are not used after prepositions

e.g. This is the boy **with whom** I went out. (formal)

This is the boy (who) I went out **with**. (informal)

NOT: ~~This is the boy with who I went out.~~

6 Rewrite the sentences in as many ways as possible as in the example:

1. That's the office block where my mother works.

...That's the office block **in which** my mother works.

That's the office block **(which)** my mother works **in**...

- 2 He's the person for whom I wrote that report.

.....

.....

- 3 The project on which we were working is finished.

.....

- 4 This is the church in which my parents were married.

.....

- 5 This is the car we drove through Europe in.

.....

- 6 That is the shopkeeper who I had an argument with.

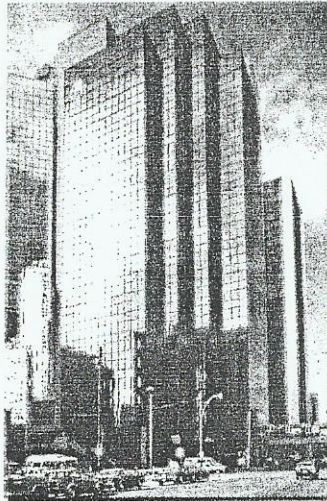
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- 7 That's the cottage we used to live in.

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- 8 This is Peter, with whom I went to Spain.

.....



'KEY' WORD TRANSFORMATIONS

GUIDELINES

In this type of exercise you have to say the same thing in other words. You are given a sentence, below which there is a word in bold type and the beginning and ending of the new sentence.

NB The words you fill in, should be between two and five. Short forms (isn't, couldn't, etc.) count as two words.

Study these examples:

- a) Mary looks very nice; she is the new secretary. **who** Mary, **who is the new secretary**, looks very nice.
- b) The Browns live next door; their son is a dentist. **whose** The Browns, **whose son is a dentist**, live next door.
- c) The book is on the top shelf; It's about plants. **which** The book **which is about plants** is on the top shelf.
- d) August is the month when they got married. **which** August is the month **in which they got married**.

7 Complete the sentences using the words in bold. Use two to five words. The first one has been done as an example.

- 1 The cat is sitting at the window. It belongs to my aunt. **which** The cat **which is sitting at the window** belongs to my aunt.
- 2 Tim is Lucy's brother; he loves basketball. **who** Tim, is Lucy's brother.
- 3 Ann is very upset; her car was stolen. **whose** Ann, is very upset.
- 4 The village is very nice. It's close to the forest. **which** The village the forest is very nice.
- 5 The woman arrived yesterday; she is the new manager. **who** The woman is the new manager.
- 6 The chair is very old; its legs are broken. **whose** The chair is very old.
- 7 1970 was the year when my sister was born. **which** 1970 my sister was born.
- 8 The man is standing next to John. He's my cousin. **who** The man John is my cousin.
- 9 Helen called two minutes ago. Her mother is ill. **whose** Helen, called two minutes ago.
- 10 1966 was the year when I got my divorce. **which** 1966 I got my divorce.